



Workshop program

- The Dutch legal framework
 & pilot setup Arjan de Rooy, University
 Library Vrije Universiteit, Amsterdam
- Results of the pilot Just de Leeuwe Delft University of Technology
- Country presentations:
- Germany Christopher Bruch Helmholtz Association Berlin
- France André Dazy, Couperin
- Switzerland André Hoffman, University of Zurich
- Collective stocktaking & Discussion

The Dutch legal framework & pilot setup

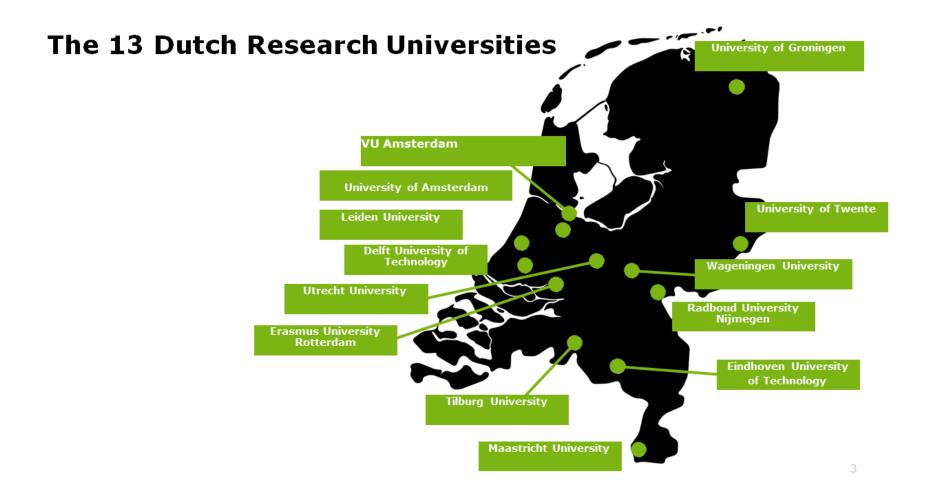
Program

- Dutch Open Access Landscape
- Legal Framework
- The 'Taverne' pilot
- Arjan de Rooy publishing consultant at the University Library of the Vrije Universiteit in Amsterdam.

Joost Taverne former Dutch parliamentarian



Dutch Open Access Landscape



Dutch Open Access landscape

- Dutch Government Coalition Agreement 2018 2022
- Association of Universities in the Netherlands (VSNU)
- National Platform Open Science (NPOS)
- Dutch consortium of university libraries (UKB)
- VSNU/NPOS Target: 100 % OA in 2020!

VSNU Roadmap 2018-2022

for monitoring 2016

Five pillars **Negotiations** with publishers SPRINGER **Alternative** International publication Work in progress collaboration platforms open access.nl **Monitoring Archiving (deposit) Definition framework**

Read/Publish deals
Hybrid Journals

Journal Browser

Work in progress

Low Priority

Green Open Access uptake

Compliance poor, even with:

- Mandate in place
- Administrative support

Administrative burden for researcher:

- Embargo periods
- (No access to) Author versions (and all the garden varieties)

Competition:

- Hybrid deals
- Gold
- Research Gate, SSRN, author website

Article 25fa Dutch Copyright Act: 'Taverne Amendment'

The author of a short scientific work funded either wholly or partially by Dutch public funds is entitled to make that work publicly available for no consideration following a reasonable period of time after the work was first published, provided that clear reference is made to the source of the first publication of the work.

Article 25fa Auteurswet, Staatsblad 2015, 257

And...nothing happened..

Reasonable period of time?

Funded wholly or partially by Dutch public funds?

Short scientific work?

Publicly available for no consideration?

What about foreign law?

Let's get some legal advice!

- Personal right, irrespective of exploitation rights/contract
- Dutch law takes precedence over foreign law
- Reasonable period of time can be established unilaterally by the academic community
- Published version (VOR) is allowed
- Risk is slight
- Worst case scenario: retraction of publications
- Personal right (collective) license required to deposit

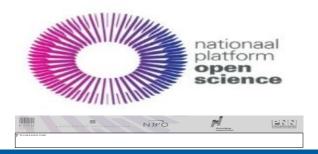
National Pilot: Guidelines

Aim of the pilot

- Establish concrete guidelines for researchers
- Practically implement the amendment's potential (full service concept)
- Test support among researchers/administrators
- Test legal soundness
- Potential impact on overall OA score

Essence of the guidelines

The **publisher's version** of an article will be made freely available in the university repository **xxx** months after the initial online publication





*VSNU=Association of Dutch Universities

Translation into specific guidelines for researchers

- A. The work will be shared in its **definitive**, **published** version (VOR).
- B. A **reasonable period of time** will be uniformly interpreted as **six months**, regardless of discipline.
- **C. 'First publication'** is the date on which the published version first becomes available online.
- D. Short academic work includes journal articles, as well as conference papers and individual chapters in 'edited collections'. It does not include monographs or chapters of monographs.
- E. Applies regardless if a publisher appeals to foreign law and/or only a (small) fraction of the co-authors has been funded by Dutch public funds. The inclusion of a researcher as co-author is prima facie evidence that his or her contribution is of substantial value to the final product.

Basic principles developing the legal basis guidelines

- Take a position
- Establish the scope of the law
- Substantiate the position
- Consider:
 - Facts
 - Purpose of the law
 - Intention of the legislator
 - Best interest of researcher / (Open) Science
 - Risk (for researcher/institutes)
 - Pragmatics
 - Political feasibility

Spotlight on main legal issues

- Reasonable period of time
- Version of record
- Foreign law

• Position - Substantiation

Reasonable period of time: 6 months for all disciplines

Position

- Short uniform embargo period serves OA goals
- Trend in policy: shorter embargo periods
- Multidisciplinary research

Substantiation

- Not described in law: ultimately decided by court
- Effect on exploitation: no evidence of impact OA, big deal business model, damage very hard to substantiate
- Country comparison, <u>EC commission advice</u>, Dutch & international funders
- Amount of public funding very hard to determine

Version of record (VOR)

Position

- One definitive version identical to primary publication
- Prefered by scholars
- Support on a large scale should be feasible (full service model)

Substantiation

- Text art. 25 fa: 'The author....is entitled....to make <u>that work</u> publicly available....
- Dutch Copyright law: version of work is not mentioned
- Copyright on layout is banal & trivial

Foreign law

Position

- Dutch law takes precedence over foreign (contract) law
- Personal right, irrespective of exploitation rights/contract

Substantiation

- Overriding mandatory provision (IPR)
- ...applies to all publishing contracts on which according to the applicable rules of private international law Dutch law applies, regardless of any legal choice in the contract. (Art. 25h Aw, subsection a)
- Habitual residence author, place performance (Rome I Regulation, Art. 4, section 2)

Legal & financial risk

- "Worst case scenario" retraction of all publications or adjust embargo period
- Infringement claim: individual researcher/institution
 - Claim for damages: slight risk in civil case, proof of damages
 - Foreign law: Court of Justice of the European Union
- Model-license
 - University guarantees legal & financial warranty
 - Collective sharing of legal cost
- Other risk
 - Pressure on researchers Flagging or Black List ?
 - Effect on pricing of Big Deals?

Publishers

- Transparency
- Publishers informed through ministry of Education,
 Culture & Science
- Dialogue sessions with Dutch Association of Publishers
- Draft evaluation will be shared
- Publisher will write an official reaction to the evaluation

Factors contributing to success national project

- Momentum for Green OA
- Pro active government
- Full service concept appealed to researchers
- Legal advice : Good starting point to convince institutional administrators & legal staff
- Sound research: position papers, debate, expert opinions
- Pragmatic approach: focus on feasibility & practicability
- National project leader with excellent political skills

National pilot start: You share, we take care!

- You share, we take care!
- Start 31st januari 2019
- 13 Dutch Universities
- Rectores Magnifici participated

And.. What happened?

Any questions ?





'Use your right to share publications after six months. The university library will help you out.'

Can the article be published in an open access journal?

Publish it with a cc-by license.
The article will be available to all for free!

No

Share the publication via the institution's repository.

Complicated and slow? Not any more!

An amendment to the Dutch Copyright Act has made it much easier to share publications quickly. Please participate! Then the library will share the published version after six months, even if the embargo period is longer, or you are a co-author, or your publication was published by an international publisher.

Would you like to know more?
For more information and
the conditions, please visit
www.openaccess.nl/youshare







RESULTS OF THE PILOT OVERVIEW

```
# 1 Context open access
# 2 Definitions and selection content CRIS
# 3 Acquisition | Communication towards researchers
# 4 Response researchers | publishers
# 5 Archiving | metrics |
# 6 Results pilot
# 7 Next steps
```



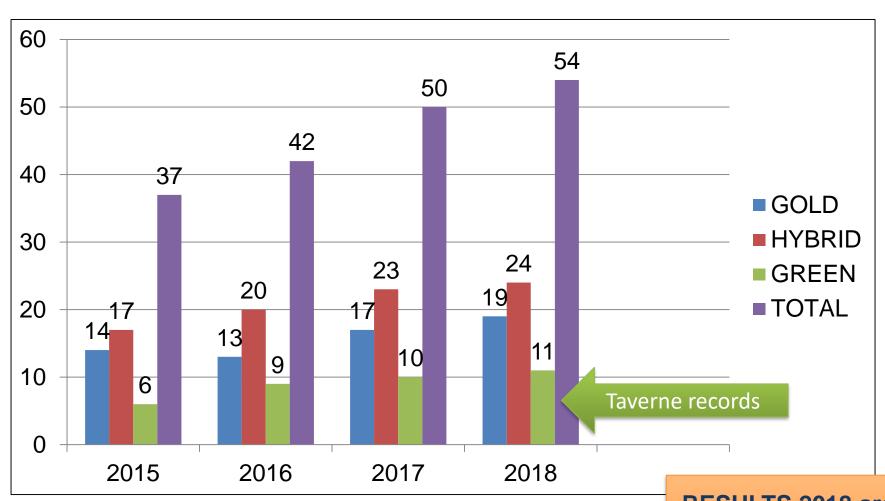
#1 CONTEXT OPEN ACCESS LANDSCAPE

Pilot Taverne alternative instrument in Open Access strategy

- Open Access Institutional Funds (2010-)
- National transformative deals Wiley|Springer|T&F (2014-)
- Bilateral deals OA Publishers Copernicus | MDPI (2014-)
- University mandates green OA (2012-)
- Pilot Taverne (2019) Green OA
- Funders Mandates/implementation Plan S (2021)



#1 OPEN ACESS NETHERLANDS MONITORING FRAMEWORK 2015-2018



RESULTS 2018 are provisional

#1 CONTEXT OPEN ACCESS ACTORS

Actors in the pilot

- Project leader-coordination/Library
- Executive Board-Policy
- Legal Services-consultancy
- CRIS en Repository teams-operational teams/Library
- Authors-representatives faculties-participants
- Communication



#2 SELECTION CONTENT AND WORKFLOW

- Selection in CRIS document types of short work articles, book chapters, conference papers
- Publication stamp after 01-01-2018 (Retrospective content possible on demand author)
- Select availability publishers paywall version of record
- Selection based on benchmark of research fields (national)
- Selection authors within a Faculty or Department after consultation seniors
- Decision about metadata labels for 'Taverne' records



#2 SELECTION AUTHORS

- Selection of authors participate
- Library exchange the selected list with author. If publications are missing Library adds them in CRIS>Repository
- Library harvest/scans full-text versions
- Some authors like to publish set of retrospective content



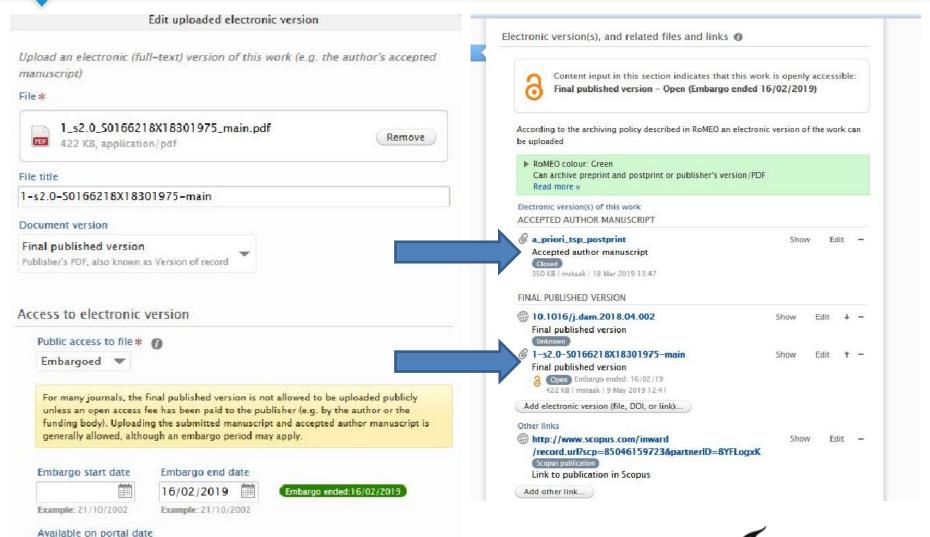
#2 CRIS AND REPOSITORY

Publishers version in PDF in CRIS
Labelled 'open' CRIS
Metadata reference to pilot
Embargo content based on fist release date
Synchronise metadata and full text to
Institutional Repository
Publications are harvested national aggregator
NARCIS and worldwide



#2 CRIS AND REPOSITORY HARVEST PUBLISHERS VERSION

09/05/2019

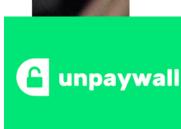




#2 CRIS AND REPOSITORY



APX-hard when all scenarios have size four. On the positive side, we show that there exists a constant-factor approximation.







#2 CRIS AND REPOSITORY COPYRIGHT NOTICE

To reference this document use:

http://resolver.tudelft.nl/uuid:fe4d93cd-7370-4433-b96c-585c2688627a

DOI

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.dam.2018.04.002

Embargo date

2019-02-16

Source

Discrete Applied Mathematics, volume 250

ISSN

0166-218X

Bibliographical note

Green Open Access added to TU Delft Institutional Repository 'You share, we take care!' – Taverne project https://www.openaccess.nl/en/you-share-we-take-care Otherwise as indicated in the copyright section: the publisher is the copyright holder of this work and the author uses the Dutch legislation to make this work public.

Part of collection

Institutional Repository

Document type

journal article

Rights

© 2018 Martijn van Ee, L.J.J. van Iersel, T.M.L. Janssen, René Sitters







#4 COMMUNICATION AND ACQUISITION

Presentations Websites **Infographics Lunch-meetings On demand meetings Meetings policy-makers** Faculty seniors personal mails Word of mouth Calls.....

4 Communication some help from our Champions...







You share, we take care!

'Use your right to share publications after six months. The university library will help you out.'

Can the article be published in an open access journal?

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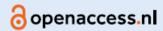
Share the publication via the institution's repository.

Complicated and slow? Not any more!

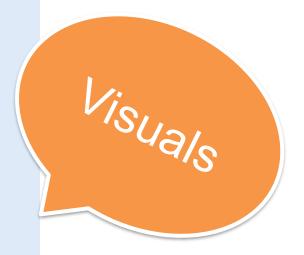
An amendment to the Dutch Copyright Act has made it much easier to share publications quickly. Please participate! Then the library will share the published version after six months, even if the embargo period is longer, or you are a co-author, or your publication was published by an international publisher.

Would you like to know more?

For more information and the conditions, please visit www.openaccess.nl/en/ you-share-we-take-care

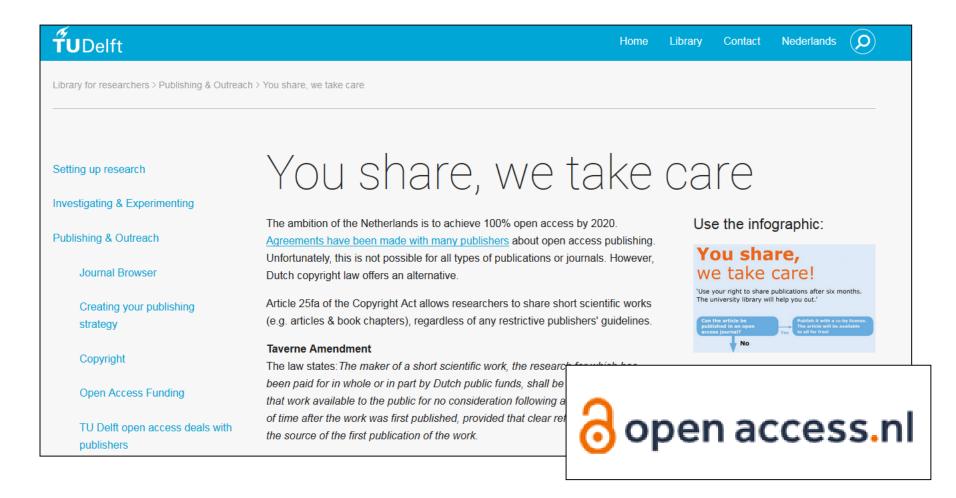








4 Communication Institutional en National OA webpage



#5 RESPONSES SO FAR AUTHORS

How did authors respond?

The pilot was received very favorably
Spontaneous participation
Full service well appreciated
Legal approach and back up appreciated

We have received very few signals that were opposed to the idea

IMAGE ATTRIBUTION

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#5 RESPONSES SO FAR AUTHORS

some concerns

Content scattered between different platforms

Relation with the publishers, societies

'fear for flagging' because of a possible blacklist

Relation with co-author(s)

Fear of breach of current contract

...prefer a policy instead of a project

IMAGE ATTRIBUTION

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5 RESPONSES SO FAR DANGER OF BIAS

Authors who did not want to participate did not respond to the call for voluntary participation

Participants pro Open Access

So we know the concerns of the researchers, but much less the objections to the principles of the pilot



Image Attribution

"Hohe Luft Magazine" by Sam Chivers is licensed under CC BY-NC 4.0

#5 RESPONSES SO FAR PUBLISHERS

How did Publishers react?

Meetings Mediafederatie, Association of Dutch Publishers representatives Brill, Elsevier, Springer-Nature, Kluwer

Up to now, attitude has mainly been to signal what happens Focus on the current and upcoming transformative deals How does it influence the current negotiations?



#6 DOCUMENTATION

Once License legal and financial indemnity signed by university and researcher

The license and all underlying communication is archived

This includes any with relevant stakeholders as publisher, co-authors, Legal Affairs.

The results are shared in a standardized format in a cloud environment. A limited number of administrators have access to the files



IMAGE ATTRIBUTION

"SCRTD - Metro Rail Contract Signing RTD_1774_11" by Metro Transportation Library and Archive is licensed under CC BY-NC-SA 2.0 🔘 🕟 🕥

5 DOCUMENTATION NATIONAL OVERVIEW PROTOCOL METADATA

DOI	paper titel	tijdschrift /comgres titel	Uitgever	datum opname in Pure	datum taverne openstelling	soort publicatie, (tijdschrift, book , chapter)
10.1002/admi.201800536	Self-Healing Asphalt Review	Advanced Materials Interfaces, A	Wiley	30/11/18	5/03/19	Contribution to journal - Review article
10.1002/jmri.25905	Estimating the arterial input function	Journal of Magnetic Resonance	Wiley	14/05/18	25/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1002/we.2293	Trailing edge serrations effects on	Wind Energy	Wiley	22/02/19	12/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
						Chapter in Book/Report/Conference
10.1007/1345_2016_232	Multi-GNSS PPP-RTK		Springer Verlag	12/02/18	4/03/19	proceeding - Conference contribution
1000						Chapter in Book/Report/Conference
10.1007/978-3-319-93000-8_72	Improved Accuracy and Robustnes		Springer Verlag	16/07/18	25/03/19	proceeding - Conference contribution
						Chapter in Book/Report/Conference
10.1007/978-3-319-99519-9_25	Feasibility of Using Low CO2 Cond		Springer	29/10/18	5/03/19	proceeding - Conference contribution
						Chapter in Book/Report/Conference
10.1007/978-981-10-1947-0_15	Flight path planning in a turbulent w		Springer Verlag	18/04/18	1/03/19	proceeding - Chapter
						Chapter in Book/Report/Conference
10.1007/978-981-10-1947-0_16	Design and Economics of a Pumpi		Springer Verlag	20/04/18	1/03/19	proceeding - Chapter
						Chapter in Book/Report/Conference
10.1007/978-981-10-1947-0_22	Airborne wind energy conversion u		Springer Verlag	20/04/18	1/03/19	proceeding - Chapter
				ĺ		Chapter in Book/Report/Conference
10.1007/978-981-10-1947-0_29	Current and expected airspace reg	l'	Springer Verlag	20/04/18	1/03/19	proceeding - Chapter
					ľ	Chapter in Book/Report/Conference
10.1007/978-981-13-2306-5_48	PISA:		Springer	26/02/19	25/03/19	proceeding - Chapter
10.1007/s00190-018-1135-1	A modified carrier-to-code leveling	Journal of Geodesy	springer	9/04/18	4/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1007/s10291-018-0800-4	Precise regional L5 positioning with	GPS Solutions (online), GPS So	springer	22/11/18	4/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1007/s10596-017-9700-x	Editorial	Computational Geosciences: mo	springer	9/01/18	13/03/19	Contribution to journal - Editorial
10.1007/s41999-018-0080-0	Persistent exclusion of older people		springer	12/07/18	25/03/19	Contribution to journal - Editorial
10.1007/s41999-018-0124-5	Association of polypharmacy and I	European Geriatric Medicine	springer	12/11/18	25/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1007/s41999-019-00171-7	Where ergonomics meets geriatric	European Geriatric Medicine	springer	12/02/19	26/03/19	Contribution to journal - Editorial
10.1016/j.aap.2018.08.024	Cyclists' eye movements and cross	Accident Analysis & Prevention,	Elsevier	17/09/18	21/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1016/j.acra.2017.12.024	Semiautomatic Assessment of the	Academic Radiology	Elsevier	5/06/18	25/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1016/j.actbio.2018.09.059	Bactericidal effects of nanopatterns	Acta Biomaterialia	Elsevier	3/10/18	26/02/19	Contribution to journal - Review article
10.1016/j.aei.2018.04.003	Automatic classification of fine-gra	Advanced Engineering Informati	Elsevier	24/04/18	18/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1016/j.agrformet.2018.04.004	Measuring changes in forest floor	Agricultural and Forest Meteorole	Elsevier	30/04/18	11/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1016/j.anucene.2014.09.012	Conceptual design of a passively s	Annals of Nuclear Energy	Elsevier	22/04/16	11/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article
10.1016/j.anucene.2015.02.043	Analysis of the running-in phase of	Annals of Nuclear Energy	Elsevier	22/04/16	11/03/19	Contribution to journal - Article

Release First release **CRIS**

open

Doc. Type

6 RESULTS MAIN OUTCOMES

Publications: 2.546 (28 August 2019)

DOI: 2141 (84%)

Peer reviewed articles: 1991 (78.2%)

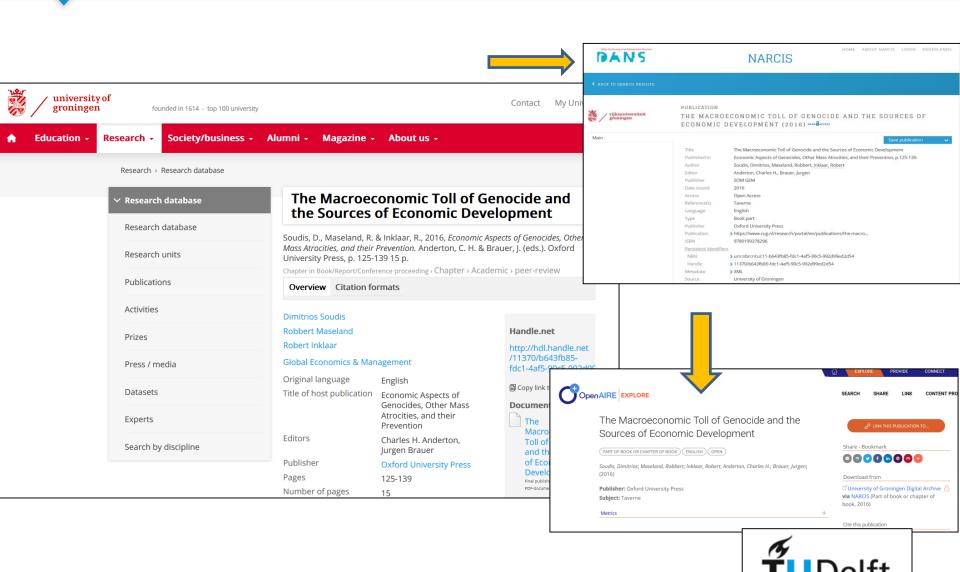
Share publications > 01-01-2018: 55%

Share (associate) professors: >75%

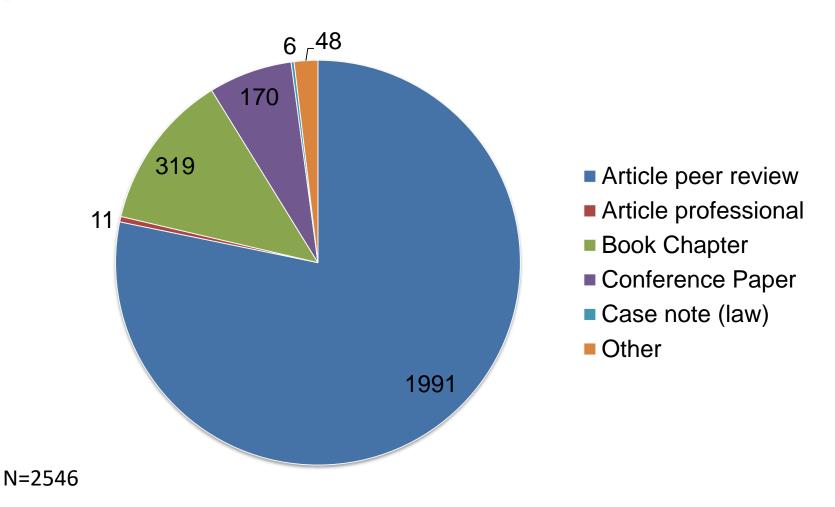
Participants>500+



#6 RESULTS PUBLICATION TYPES BOOK CHAPTER

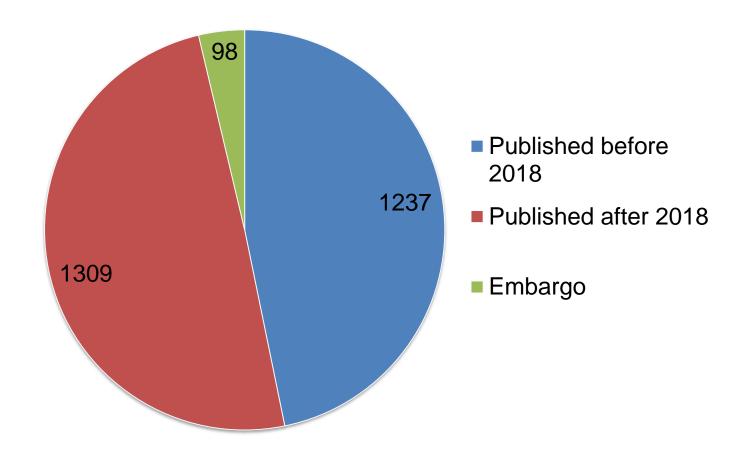


#6 RESULTS PUBLICATION TYPES TOTALS





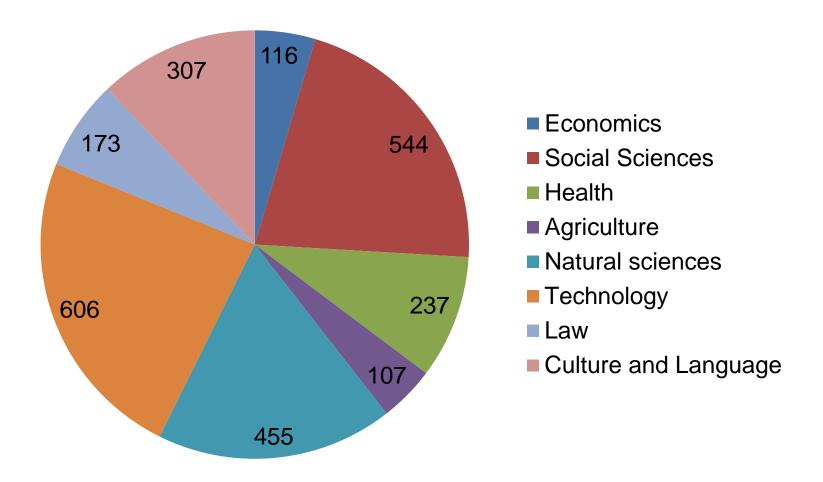
#6 RESULTS PUBLICATION DATES







#6 RESULTS PUBLICATION TYPES FIELDS

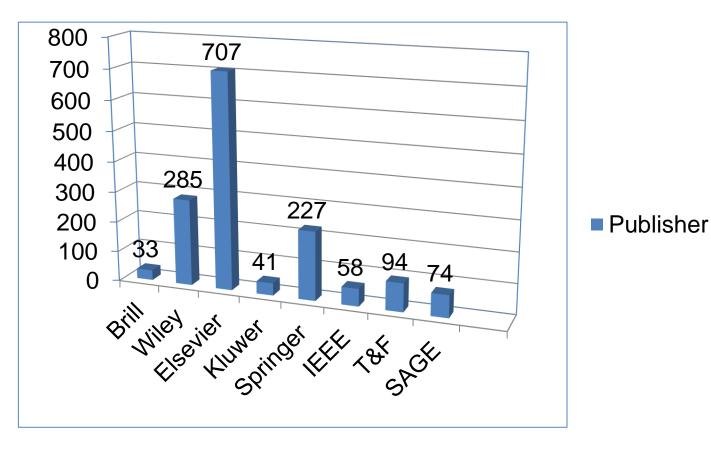




#6 RESULTS PUBLISHERS TOP 8

N = 2546

Publisher





The next steps

- Evaluation of pilot
- Publishers official reaction
- Decision on follow up (End of 2019)
- Guidelines status (NPOS/VSNU)
- Input for evaluation of Dutch Copyright Law

Possible routes

- Collective license on institutional level
- License in Collective Labor Agreement for Dutch Universities
- Automation of workflow : national project
- Harvard model in funding contracts: Zero embargo
- European countries follow example

Country presentations:

- Switzerland André Hoffman, University of Zurich
- France André Dazy, Couperin
- Germany Christopher Bruch Helmholtz Association Berlin



Dutch law and routes to Open Access: a national copyright law pilot project as an inspiring example?

The Swiss case

André Hoffmann

Main Library of the University of Zurich
Open Access, OpenAIRE NOAD Switzerland



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National Open Access Strategy

swissuniversities

"By 2024, all scholarly publication activity in Switzerland should be OA, all scholarly publications funded by public money must be freely accessible on the internet. The OA landscape will consist of a mix of OA models."

adopted by the swissuniversities rector's conference on 31 January 2017

To achieve this vision, Swiss universities and higher education institutions, research institutions, research funders and science policymakers agreed on the following action items (agreed in an action plan, adopted February 2018).

- 1. Adopting and aligning OA policies
- 2. Negotiations with publishers
- 3. Coordinating and pooling resources
- 4. Alternative forms of publishing
- 5. Communicating and raising awareness
- 6. Supportive regulatory framework
- 7. National monitoring

Secondary publication right via copyright reform

2008 Copyright revision

Summer session of parliament 2019

2012
Copyright reform
necessary
Working group AGUR

Further revisions very likely depending on EU law)

Secondary publication right → Swiss Code of Obligations (<u>German</u>: *Obligationenrecht*; <u>French</u>: *Code des obligations*; <u>Italian</u>: *Diritto delle obbligazioni*; <u>Romansh</u>: *Dretg d'obligaziuns*)

as proposed by swissuniversites & SNSF:

- It applies only to publicly funded scientific research publications
- The first publication is left to the publishers
- After a certain embargo period (6 months for articles, 12 months for monographs), authors have the possibility to make the publication freely accessible online
- This is not an obligation, but a right for researchers

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Reasoning

- a) Legal certainty for Green OA, i.e. the creation of a regulation on which authors and publishers can rely as a basis for action (in contrast to the costly case-by-case treatment)
- b) Lack of evidence that immediate green OA causes material damage to publishers (OAPEN-CH study)
- c) The focus is on the resources of the universities (Unlike commercial publications, scientific publications do not seek to generate income to support their authors. Researchers are paid through their institutions, which are themselves financed by public funds).
- d) With a changing international context, Switzerland must maintain its **attractive and competitive scientific position**.



Counterarguments

- a) Switzerland occupies a leading position in Open Access by international standards. Self-regulation works without the need for additional regulation. Mandatory legal regulation would go too far in that it would affect publishers.
- b) Swiss law is not internationally applicable. Even if an attempt is made to confer international enforceability on this law by making it mandatory, it can neither be assumed that publishing agreements of foreign publishing houses would be declared applicable nor that foreign courts would assume that Swiss law is mandatory. Secondary publication law is therefore directed against Swiss publishers, who already have difficulty asserting themselves against foreign competition in today's environment.
- → The motion was rejected by 29 votes to 11 with one abstention.

https://www.parlament.ch/en/ratsbetrieb/amtliches-bulletin/amtliches-bulletin-dieverhandlungen?SubjectId=46139



andre.dazy@couperin.org

French Law and others means to make scientific articles open





French Law

On October 7th 2016, French Law for a Digital Republic Act (LOI n° 2016-1321 du 7 octobre 2016 pour une République numérique)

The digital Republic Act

provides that the researchers have the right to publish

their article without the modifications that the editor has added (AAM),

- after 6 months in STEM (science, technology, engineering and mathematics)
- after 12 months in SHS (human and social sciences).



Dissemin

Dissemin detects papers behind pay-walls and invites their authors to upload them in one click to an open repository

Sources:

Sources primaires

<u>CrossRef.org</u> for traditional academic papers

BASE (Bielefeld Academic Search Engine) for other papers, including preprints

SHERPA/RoMEO for publisher policies

Zotero for metadata associated to DOIs

https://dissem.in/



couperin.orp

Elsevier contract

French articles will be made available in the National archive HAL after 24 months

The agreement (2019-2022) provides for setting up automatic access after 12 months "Author's Accepted Manuscript" (AAM) or postprint through streaming on Sciencedirect, the platform from Elsevier and a manual HAL (the CNRS open archive) which points to this streaming.

Then, in a second time and after 24 months, the pdf file of this manuscript would be found directly on the HAL platform.

Questions?

Thanks for your attention!

andre.dazy@couperin.org



References

The full Act (in French)

https://www.legifrance.gouv.fr/affichTexte.do?cidTexte=JOR

FTEXT000033202746&categorieLien=id

Dissemin (in English)

https://dissem.in/

Link to the article on French Elsevier contract (in English)

https://www.soundofscience.fr/1754



couperin.org



SECONDARY PUBLICATION RIGHT IN GERMAN COPYRIGHT LAW

Dr. Christoph Bruch Helmholtz Association

Open Science Fair 2019, Congress Centre Alfândega, Porto, 17.09.2019

http://os.helmholtz.de

SECTION 38 (1) CONTRIBUTIONS TO COLLECTIONS

Old

- (1) Where the author permits the inclusion of the work in a collection which is published periodically, the publisher or editor shall, in cases of doubt, acquire an exclusive right of reproduction and distribution.
- However, the author may otherwise reproduce and distribute the work upon expiry of one year

New

- (1) Where the author permits the inclusion of the work in a collection which is published periodically, the publisher or editor shall, in cases of doubt, acquire an exclusive right of reproduction and, distribution and making available to the public.
- However, the author may otherwise reproduce and, distribute and make available to the public the work upon expiry of one year

Berlin, 06.09.2018 66

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unless otherwise agreed.

The translation includes the amendment(s) to the Act by Article 1 of the Act of 1 September 2017 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 3346) https://www.gesetze-im-internet.de/englisch_urhg/englisch_urhg.html

Berlin, 06.09.2018 67

SECONDARY PUBLICATION RIGHT SECTION 38 (4) COPYRIGHT LAW

Right not Obligation
 The author of a scientific contribution which results from research activities

50% public funding
 at least half of which were financed by public funds

Journal articles only
 and which was reprinted in a collection which is published periodically at least twice per year

also has the right, if he has granted the publisher or editor an exclusive right of use,

to make the contribution available to the public

12 months embargo
 upon expiry of 12 months after first publication

Manuscript only in the accepted manuscript version,

unless this serves a commercial purpose.
The source of the first publication must be cited.

To an account of the state

Trumps contracts
 Any deviating agreement to the detriment of the author shall be ineffective.

REMAINING QUESTIONS

- How deal with right archipelago -> Risk
- Academic Freedom vs. Open Access
- What are we actually aiming for?
 - A better deal for academic authors?
 - Who's giving the a bad deal?
 - Free availability of research all publications?
 - Why? To what end?
 - What does that imply for academic freedom?
 - What does that imply for guarantee of private property?
 - What is the relation to freedom of Information.
 - Copyright does not protect facts and ideas (as in patent law) What does this mean for academic publishing?

Thanks for Your Attention!

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Discussion



Do you know if there is OA legislation in your country?

Do you know if it is effectively used and contributes to OA goals in your country?

Why doesn't work in your country?

Law to complicated/Law is not praticable/Law is unknown?

Are we too afraid of copyright issues?

Can the academic community establish copyright & self-archiving policies on a European level?

Is increase in green publishing a threat for the publishers business model?